

Chicago  Votes

2026 Primary Election

**VOTER
GUIDE**

VOTE 2026



Artwork by Bianca Pastel

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Chicago **Votes**

**This 501c4 voter guide is paid for by
Chicago Votes Action Fund**

WHO IS CHICAGO VOTES?

Chicago Votes Action Fund, is a non-profit organization building a more inclusive democracy by putting power in the hands of young Chicagoans. We're engaging and developing a new generation of leaders by opening the doors of government and politics to young people from all corners of the city. We're changing laws to make Chicago and Illinois a better place to be young, and in the process, we're making democracy FUN.

Chicago Votes runs 4 initiatives: Unlock Civics, Give A Sh*t Chicago (GAS), Reimagining Democracy, and Advocacy. These initiatives carry out programming that focus on civic education, leadership development, voter turnout, and advocacy. Programming prioritizes engaging youth between the ages of 17 and 35 who are currently or formerly incarcerated, creatives, students, and residents of disenfranchised neighborhoods.

Learn more about our programming, paid positions, and volunteer opportunities at chicagovotes.com and stay up to date with us on social media [@chicagovotes!](https://www.instagram.com/chicagovotes)



***FOLLOW CHICAGO VOTES ON
INSTAGRAM @CHICAGOVOTES***

IN THIS ISSUE...

This voter guide, created by young people, educates voters on essential information and resources for the 2026 Primary Election. It equips Chicagoans with the tools to make informed decisions about candidates at the community, local, and national levels.

Local elections are also on the ballot, and we have provided detailed information and resources for those too. The power of our vote starts right here in our city, in our courts, community, classroom, and state!

This guide is for informational purposes only, designed to help voters understand where each candidate stands on issues important to them.

To view our digital voter guide, please visit chicagovotes.com/votecenter

***VISIT CHICAGOVOTES.COM/VOTECENTER
TO VIEW OUR DIGITAL VOTER GUIDE!***



VOTING 101

FIRST TIME VOTER? DID YOU KNOW...

In Illinois, you don't need ID if you're already registered to vote, your signature matches the one on file, and there are no issues with your registration. However, we recommend bringing a valid form of ID just in case for these scenarios: One (1) form of ID showing the voter's current address is required when an Election Judge challenges the person's right to vote, or when the voter submitted a mail-in registration form without providing an IL state ID number or the last four digits of their Social Security number.

Two (2) forms of ID are required when a voter is registering in person, filing an address change in person, or filing a name change in person including at their home precinct on Election Day. One of these two IDs must list your current address.

Accepted Forms of ID

- Passport or Military ID
- Driver's License or State ID card
- College/University/School/Work ID
- Vehicle registration card
- Lease, mortgage or deed to home
- Credit or debit card
- Social Security, Medicare or Medicaid card
- Insurance card
- Civic, union or professional membership card
- LINK/Public Aid/Department of Human Services card
- Illinois FOID card

**WATCH "DID YOU KNOW YOU CAN VOTE?"
BY KING MOOSA HERE!**



VOTING ON ELECTION DAY

You can vote in person on Election Day, March 17th 2026, at the precinct/polling location assigned based on your address or at one of the 50 early voting locations across the city.



SAME DAY VOTER REGISTRATION

Same Day Registration is available at all early voting sites and on Election Day. Voters must bring two forms of ID, with at least one that includes your current address.

CAN I REQUEST MY BALLOT IN ANOTHER LANGUAGE?

Absolutely! If using a touchscreen voting machine, you may choose one of 12 languages: English, Spanish, Chinese, Hindi, Polish, Korean, Tagalog, Gujarati, Urdu, Arabic, Ukrainian, and Russian. If Voting By Mail, you may choose one of 7 languages: English, Spanish, Chinese, Hindi, Polish, Korean, and Tagalog. If voting using a paper ballot at your precinct on Election Day, you may have different language options based on your precinct.

EARLY VOTING

Registered voters may cast a ballot prior to Election Day without having to provide a reason for wanting to vote early. This ballot is cast in person:



February 12 - Downtown Chicago early voting begins for the March 17th Primary Election at two locations:

- 137 South State Street
- 69 W. Washington Street (6th Floor)

March 2 - Early Voting begins for all 50 Wards

EARLY VOTING SCHEDULE!



TROUBLE
AT
THE
POLLS?



No eligible voter should ever be turned away from the polls. For questions about voting or issues you run into while trying to vote call the Election Protection Hotline at 1 (866) OUR-VOTE or 1 (866) 687-8683 for free nonpartisan help.

VOTE BY MAIL

The deadline to apply to vote by mail is Thursday, March 12 by 5:00pm, but please request your ballot long before this deadline to ensure you receive your ballot in time for the election. Additionally, voters may also receive their vote by mail ballot in the following languages: English/Spanish, Chinese, Hindi, Polish, Korean, or Tagalog



The United States Postal Service (USPS) cannot guarantee that a vote-by-mail ballot envelope will be postmarked the same day that a voter puts it in the mail. If a ballot is postmarked after March 17, it will not be counted. USPS recommends that mail ballots be put in the mail at least one week before Election Day (March 10).

*Scan to
vote by mail!*



DROP YOUR BALLOT OFF AT A DROP BOX!

*Scan to
find your
dropbox location*



In Illinois, you can drop your mail-in ballot at a secure drop-box outside of early voting and Election Day polling locations. Vote By Mail Drop Boxes are available at sites in all 50 Wards starting March 2, 2026

HAVE A FELONY CONVICTION?

If you have a past criminal conviction and have completed your sentence, you can vote in Illinois in all elections. If you are detained awaiting trial, have not been convicted, or are on electronic monitoring without a current conviction, you can register and vote in the upcoming election. You can check and update your voter registration before the 2026 Primary online at ova.elections.il.gov.

As long as you are NOT currently serving time for a conviction or on temporary leave/furlough from prison you ARE an eligible voter, period. Citizens awaiting trial in Cook County Jail (or any IL jail) have the right to vote.

ELECTION PROTECTION HOTLINE

Call or text 1-866-OUR-VOTE (866-687-8683) for voter protection information and resources. You can also visit their website by scanning this QR code.



ELECTION DAY=TUESDAY, MARCH 17TH

CHICAGO BOARD OF ELECTIONS

69 West Washington St

Suites 600/800

Chicago, IL 60602

For general inquiries, contact

cboe@chicagoelections.gov

or call 312-269-7900



CAN I TAKE THIS GUIDE WITH ME TO VOTE?

Yes! You can take this into the polls with you. Remember, take your time and read through the voting instructions carefully to ensure your ballot is counted accurately.

View your voter information, sample ballot, AND locate your precinct polling place for Election Day by following this QR code!



Register to vote or change address

Voters with disabilities



↑
VOTER
INFORMATION
LOOKUP!

WHAT IS A

PRIMARY

ELECTION?

A primary election is an election held before the general election to decide which candidates will represent each political party on the final ballot. Instead of choosing between parties, voters in a primary usually choose between candidates from the same party. The candidates who receive the most votes move on to the general election.

Primary elections are an early step in the overall election process. After the primaries are finished, the winners from each party appear on the general election ballot, where all eligible voters can choose between them. Primary elections are important because they help narrow down the field of candidates. The choices made during primaries help shape the options voters see in general elections. The General Election is on Tuesday, November 3, 2026.

OFFICES ON THE BALLOT

Voters will nominate candidates for:

- US Senator
- Illinois Governor and Lieutenant Governor
- Illinois Attorney General
- Illinois Secretary of State
- Illinois Comptroller
- Illinois Treasurer
- Representatives in Congress
- State Senator
- Representatives in the General Assembly
- Commissioners of the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago
- President of the Cook County Board of Commissioners
- County Clerk of Cook County
- Sheriff of Cook County
- Treasurer of Cook County
- Assessor of Cook County
- County Commissioners of Cook County
- Commissioner of the Board of Review of Cook County
- *Illinois Supreme Court and Appellate Court Justices
- *Cook County Circuit and Subcircuit Judges

*to fill vacancies as needed

U.S. HOUSE & SENATE

Elections

U.S. Senate

Senators represent their respective states in the U.S. Senate. They write and vote on federal laws, approve treaties, confirm presidential appointments (like Supreme Court justices), and help set the federal budget. Their work has an impact on our daily life because it influences national laws on healthcare, taxes, civil rights, immigration, and federal funding for our city. Both the U.S. Senate and Congressional seats vote on ICE funding and they play a key role in shaping federal policies that impact Illinois. They also represent the U.S. and Chicago in Washington D.C.

U.S. Senate Candidates

Democratic:

**Steve Botsford Jr.
Sean Brown
Awisi Bustos
Jonathan Dean
Robin Kelly
Raja Krishnamoorthi
Dr. Bryan Maxwell
Kevin Ryan
Juliana Stratton
Christopher Swann**

Republican:

**Dr. R. Cary Capparelli
Casey Chlebek
Jeannie Evans
Dr. Timmy Lee Tillman II
Don Tracy**

Independent:

**Austin Mink
Tyrone Muhammad
Anthony Smith**

**Chicago
Votes** 

*Scan to learn
more about U.S.
Senate Candidates*



*Congress is divided
into 2 parts...*

- 1. House of
Representatives*
- 2. Senate*

For the U.S. House of Representatives, voters in Illinois will elect 17 candidates to serve from each of the 17 U.S. congressional districts in Illinois.

Its main responsibilities are to suggest and vote on laws, represent the people in their districts, and reflect their different views. The U.S. House also helps decide how the federal budget is used. It can impeach federal officials, including the President, by bringing charges against them. If there's enough evidence, the House writes articles of impeachment that outline the charges.

Congressional districts 2 and 7 cover most of the South and West sides of Chicago. This is the first time these districts have been open since 2013 and 1997. Now is the time to elect someone who is more aligned with the current generation of voters.



CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CANDIDATES

District 2

Democratic:

Toni Brown

Yumeka Brown

Eric France

Jesse L. Jackson, Jr.

Patrick Keating

Donna Miller

Sidney Moore

Robert Peters

Willie Preston

Adal Regis

Bryan Slepicka

Republican:

Mike Noack

Independent:

Ashley Banks

District 7

Democratic:

Richard Boykin

Kina Collins

Melissa Conyears-Ervin

Anthony Driver Jr.

David Ehrlich

Thomas Fisher

La Shawn Ford

Jason Friedman

Rory Hoskins

Anabel Mendoza

Jazmin Robinson

Reed Showalter

Felix Tello

Republican:

Patricia Easley

Chad Koppie

Independent:

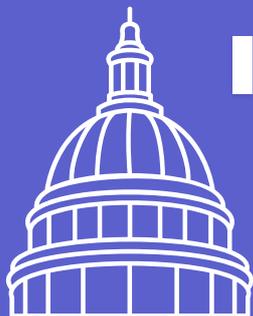
Nathan Billips

Anita Rao

Chicago  **Votes**

***TO LEARN MORE ABOUT CONGRESSIONAL
DISTRICT CANDIDATES, VISIT
CHICAGOVOTES.COM/VOTECENTER***





ILLINOIS STATE OFFICES

Illinois General Assembly

The Illinois General Assembly is the state's legislative branch, responsible for making state laws. It has two chambers: the Illinois House of Representatives and the Illinois Senate. Illinois has 118 State Representatives and 59 State Senators, meaning each Senate district includes two House districts.

Illinois State Senate

The Illinois Senate is the upper chamber of the General Assembly. State Senators represent larger districts, vote on state laws, serve on committees that review and amend legislation, and confirm certain appointments made by the Governor. Senators typically serve four-year terms, with some two-year terms following redistricting.

Illinois House of Representatives

Illinois State Representatives represent smaller districts and focus more closely on local concerns. They draft and vote on legislation, serve on committees, and work with constituents. Representatives serve two-year terms.

***SCAN TO FIND
YOUR STATE
SENATOR &
DISTRICT!***



***SCAN TO VIEW STATE
SENATE CANDIDATES***



REINTEGRATION & CIVIC EMPOWERMENT ACT

EXPANDING CIVIC ENGAGEMENT FOR ALL

The **Reintegration and Civic Empowerment (RACE) Act** is proposed Illinois legislation that would **restore voting rights** to people while they are incarcerated and **expand civic education** inside prisons. If passed, Illinois would join Maine, Vermont, Washington D.C., and Puerto Rico in allowing people in prison to vote.



Why it matters

Nearly **30,000 Illinoisans** serving felony sentences cannot vote in this election, meaning tens of thousands of people with community ties are excluded from decisions that affect their lives.

Strengthens communities and democracy: Civic engagement helps people stay connected to their communities, reduces recidivism, and promotes fairer representation.

Equity and fairness: Current laws **disproportionately disenfranchise Black communities** and other communities of color, continuing a legacy of Jim Crow-era policies that sought to strip Black Americans of their voting power after the Civil War Amendments granted them citizenship and the right to vote.

FAQ'S

Why should people in prison vote? Restoring voting rights doesn't reward wrongdoing. It strengthens society by helping people reintegrate and engage responsibly in their communities.

How does this help communities? Civic education and voting access gives incarcerated people a connection to their communities, reducing recidivism and improving reintegration.

Why should I care? Voting rights shape who has a voice in your community and the policies that affect schools, public safety, healthcare, and jobs. When tens of thousands of Illinoisans are excluded from voting, it weakens representation for everyone. Stronger civic engagement = safer, healthier communities for everyone.

What does it mean that a bill is in the state legislature?

When a bill is in the Illinois State Legislature, it means elected officials in Springfield, the state capital, are reviewing it to decide if it should become law. Bills start in one of two chambers: the **House of Representatives** or the **Senate**. That's why bills have names like HB (House Bill) or SB (Senate Bill), which show where the bill originated.

Both chambers must vote to approve a bill before it goes to the governor, who can sign it into law or veto it. Being in the legislature doesn't mean a bill is law yet, but it's an important stage where citizens can learn about the bill, contact their representatives, and **advocate for change**.

How to take action

Talk about it: Share why equitable voting rights matter with friends and family.

Reach out: Contact your state rep/senator insisting they support the RACE Act.

Join the movement: Chicago Votes manages the Unlock Civics Coalition, a network of over 80 organizations from across Illinois and nationally dedicated to ending felony disenfranchisement. Visit our website to learn more and sign up for our Day of Advocacy on April 16th.

**SIGN OUR RACE
ACT PETITION!**



**ASK YOUR
LAWMAKER TO
SUPPORT THE
RACE ACT!**



KNOW RIGHTS YOUR



We are witnessing in real time how the federal government is pushing the limits of its power unjustly. As a sanctuary city, it is our duty as Chicagoans to collectively pool our resources and organize with our neighbors through mutual aid efforts, civic activism, and political education to ensure that we are **keeping ourselves and each other safe when our government fails to do so.**

If you are **stopped** by the police, ICE, or military on the street:

You can ask: **“Am I free to go?”**

- If yes, calmly walk away (don't run)
- If you're stopped, you have the right to remain silent
- You have the right to not share your immigration status

You can also say: **“I do not consent to a search.”**

Note:

- An officer can pat you down if they have reasonable suspicion you are armed and dangerous
- Physically resisting an officer is illegal and can lead to federal or state criminal charges even if the stop/arrest is illegal

If the police, ICE, or military come to your home you have the right **not to open your door** unless there is a valid warrant

Ask, **“do you have a warrant?”**

- If they say yes, ask them to slide it under your door or hold up to your window
- A signed warrant by a judge is needed to enter your home

Document the actions of officers

***You have the right to film police, ICE, and military officials* If you witness misconduct by federal law enforcement or police**

- **Document the officer's name, badge/ license plate number, and type of vehicle**
- **call the FDLA hotline: 800-529-7374 (include name of person experiencing misconduct, date of birth, and location of arrest)**

If you are arrested at a protest or for political activity call the **National Lawyers Guild Chicago hotline:**

872-4NLG-CHI / 872-465-4244

(Free legal representation while in police custody or court)

For immigration related arrests & ICE sightings

Call the Illinois Coalition for Immigrant and Refugee Rights (ICIRR) hotline: 855-435-7693

**TO REPORT POLICE, ICE, & NATIONAL GUARD MISCONDUCT CALL THE FIRST DEFENSE LEGAL AID (FDLA) HOTLINE:
1-800-LAW-REP4 / 800-529-7374**

**ILLINOIS COALITION FOR IMMIGRANT & REFUGEE RIGHTS:
855-435-7693**

WHAT TO DO IF YOU FEEL INTIMIDATED BY ICE AT THE POLLS

- **Make your plan to vote now, and consider voting by mail if you can.**
- **Consider voting as early as possible during the early voting period.**
- **Have a family member, neighbor, or friend accompany you to the polls. If people in your party are non-citizens, use caution and reconsider before heading to the polls.**

If you are stopped by a local or federal agent ,

- **Stay calm and don't resist. Keep your hands visible.**
- **Ask if you can leave.** If they say "yes", you can go. If they say "no", stay until told you can leave.
- **You don't have to answer government officials' questions unless you're stopped for a traffic, parking, or pedestrian offense. If you don't want to answer, say, "I want to remain silent."**
- **Have someone in your party record and take note of the incident for physical evidence and documentation.**
- **If an official asks to search you or your belongings, say "no", but don't obstruct access. They may have the right to search anyway. If they start, say, "I don't consent to a search."**
- **You don't have to unlock your phone or give government officials your password without a warrant. For extra security, turn off Face ID.**

If arrested:

- **Exercise your right to remain silent** and seek legal representation.
- To invoke these rights, say **“I want to remain silent”** and **“I want to speak with a lawyer.”**
- Refrain from answering questions or signing documents **without a lawyer present.**
- You can **request a phone call** (be aware government officials may refuse). Note: calls to others are monitored and recorded.

**FOR MORE INFORMATION
REGARDING ICE/FEDERAL AGENT
INTIMIDATION AT THE POLLS, VISIT
THE AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION.**



**IF YOU'RE HAVING TROUBLE AT THE POLLS, CALL THE
NON-PARTISAN ELECTION PROTECTION HOTLINE**

ENGLISH: 1-866-OUR-VOTE / 1-866-687-8683
SPANISH: 1-888-VE-Y-VOTA / 1-888-839-8682
ARABIC: 1-844-YALLA-US / 1-844-925-5287

**FOR MORE LANGUAGES INCLUDING HINDI, VIETNAMESE,
AND MORE, CALL
1-888-API-VOTE / 1-888-274-8683**

**LOCAL
OFFICES
ARE ON
THE
BALLOT
THIS
MARCH!**

COOK COUNTY BOARD PRESIDENT

The President of Cook County is the Chief Executive Officer of Cook County. The President oversees the offices under the President and is charged with presenting a balanced budget to the Board of Commissioners.

COOK COUNTY TREASURER

The Cook County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes and distributing the money to local governments and public services like schools, cities, parks, and libraries. The Treasurer sends out tax bills, processes payments, keeps records, and handles late or unpaid taxes.

COOK COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The County Commissioners are elected officials who oversee county activities and work to ensure that citizen concerns are met, federal and state requirements are fulfilled, and county operations run smoothly.



COOK COUNTY SHERIFF

The Cook County Sheriff is the Chief Law Enforcement Officer. Under the Illinois State Constitution, the Sheriff is responsible for providing services and security to county and court facilities, administering the Cook County Jail, and protecting and serving the citizens of Cook County.

METROPOLITAN WATER RECLAMATION DISTRICT COMMISSIONER

The Board of Commissioners, consisting of 9 members, is responsible for establishing policies and procedures which meet The Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago's objective of protecting the water environment for the citizens of Cook County. Voters will choose no more than 3 Commissioners for a full 6-year term, and one commissioner for an unexpired 2-year term.

DON'T FORGET ABOUT...

Assessor

Provides accurate assessments of residential and commercial properties.

County Clerk

Maintaining and providing vital records, real estate tax process, public economic interest statements, lobbyist registration, and serves as Clerk to the Board of Commissioners.

HELPFUL RESOURCES

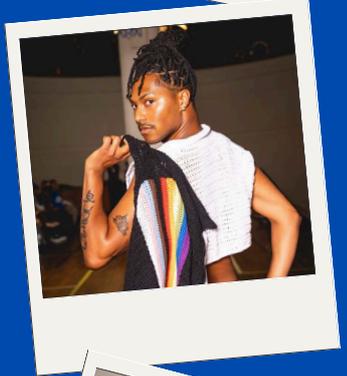
**SCAN TO LEARN ABOUT
MUNICIPAL ELECTION
CANDIDATES!**



**SCAN TO VISIT THE
OFFICIAL COOK COUNTY
OF IL WEBSITE!**

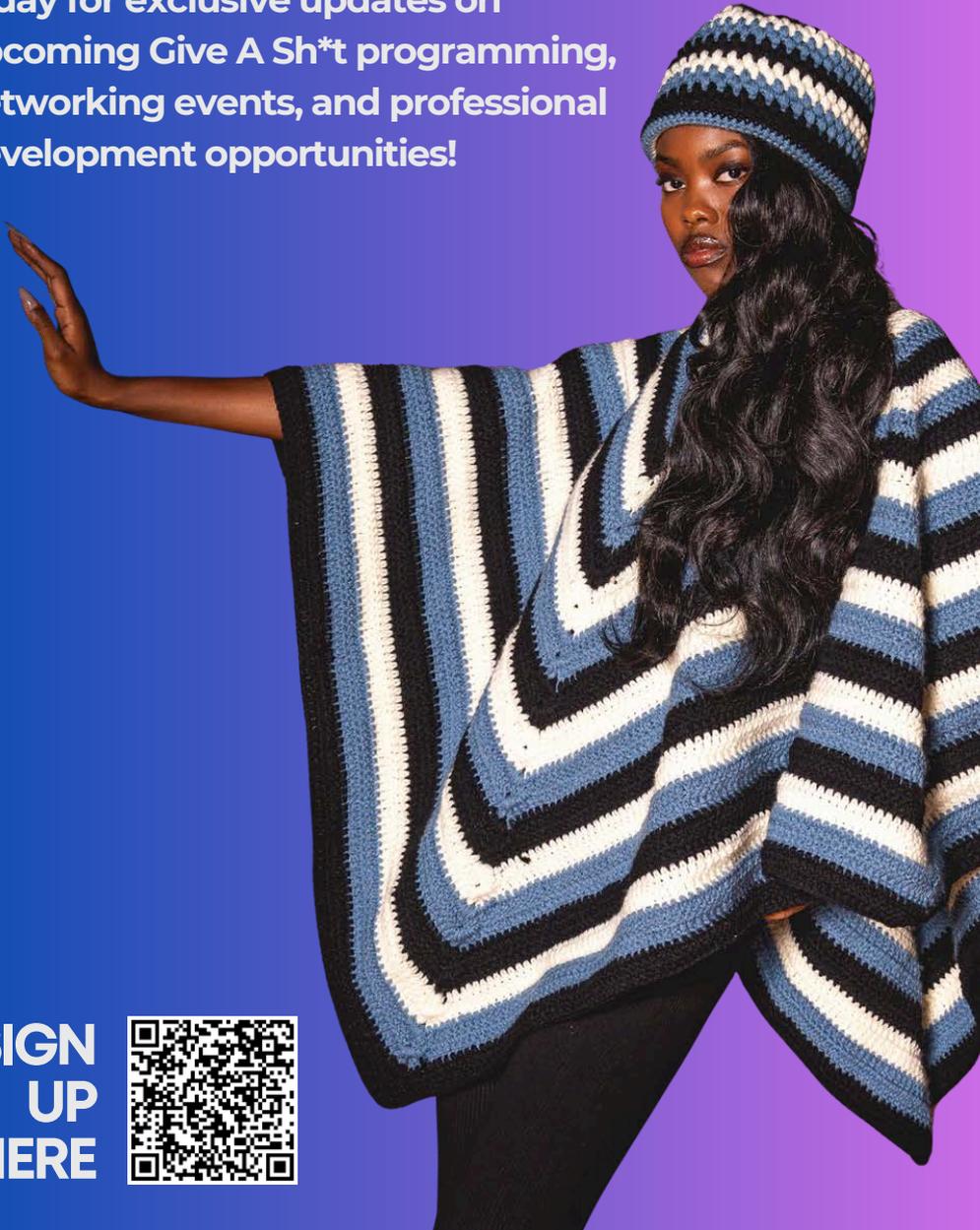


Join the Creative Collective!



In times where creative expression is under attack...

we're resisting by fusing civic activism with arts & culture. Sign up today for exclusive updates on upcoming Give A Sh*t programming, networking events, and professional development opportunities!



**SIGN
UP
HERE**



The courts

are on

the ballot

this March

Let's break down each one, their responsibilities, and meet the candidates!



Judicial Education, Where is our data from?

The Alliance of Bar Associations for Judicial Screening is a coalition of bar associations that evaluates judicial candidates. We use their ratings for educational purposes in this guide. We do not endorse candidates. The Alliance reviews candidate materials, conducts background investigations, and interviews each candidate to determine whether they meet the qualifications to serve as a judge. Candidates who do not participate are rated Not Recommended.

Alliance Members:

Association of African American Attorneys; Arab American Bar Association; Asian American Bar Association of the Greater Chicago Area; Black Men Lawyers' Association; Black Women Lawyers' Association of Greater Chicago; Chicago Council of Lawyers; Cook County Bar Association; Decalogue Society of Lawyers; Hellenic Bar Association of Illinois; Hispanic Lawyers Association of Illinois; Illinois State Bar Association; Chicago's LGBTQ+ Bar Association; Puerto Rican Bar Association; Women's Bar Association of Illinois.

Bar Association Approval Key:

-  High (More than 7 Alliance Members Approve)
-  Low (5 or more Alliance Members Disapprove)

APPELLATE COURTS

Appellate courts are a type of court that reviews decisions made by lower courts. Unlike trial courts, which handle the initial presentation of evidence and witness testimony, appellate courts focus on reviewing the legal aspects of a case to determine whether the lower court's decision was correct. Appellate courts play a critical role in ensuring that the law is interpreted and applied consistently. They provide a check on the decisions made by trial courts and help maintain a uniform application of legal principles. Appellate courts are crucial for reviewing and ensuring the proper application of the law, correcting errors, and guiding the development of legal standards.

DID YOU KNOW THERE ARE DIFFERENT TYPES OF APPELLATE COURTS?

State Appellate Courts: Each state has its own appellate courts, which hear appeals from lower state courts. For example, in Illinois, the Appellate Court is divided into five districts.

Federal Appellate Courts: In the U.S. federal system, there are 13 Courts of Appeals that handle appeals from federal district courts. These courts are divided into regional circuits.

*Who's on the ballot
(D) - Democrat
Ⓢ - Incumbent*

Vacancy of Connors
Mary Lane Mikva (D)

Vacancy of Cunningham
Cynthia Y. Cobbs (D)

Vacancy of Delort
Celia Louise Gamrath (D)

Vacancy of O'Neill Burke
Carl Anthony Walker (D)

CIRCUIT COURTS

Circuit Courts are a type of trial court that typically handles a wide range of cases, including civil, criminal, family, and probate matters. Circuit courts are crucial components of the judicial system, serving as the primary venues for trying cases. They handle a diverse range of legal issues, and their decisions can significantly impact individuals and communities.

Who's on the ballot
(D) - Democrat
(i) - Incumbent



Vacancy of Cynthia Cobbs

- Linda Sackey (D)(i)
- Luz Maria Toledo (D)

Vacancy of Kathleen Burke

- Steven McKenzie (D)

Vacancy of Mary Ellen Coghlan

- Michael Cabonargi (D)(i)
- Ashonta Rice (D)

Vacancy of Paul Karkula

- D'Anthony Thedford (i)

Vacancy of William Hooks

- Ava George Stewart (D)

SUBCIRCUIT COURTS

Sub-Circuit Courts are a type of trial court that typically handles a wide range of cases, including civil, criminal, family, and probate matters. Circuit courts are crucial components of the judicial system, serving as the primary venues for trying cases. They handle a diverse range of legal issues, and their decisions can significantly impact individuals and communities.

Subcircuit 1

Vacancy of Carl Walker

● Ginger Odom (D) ⁽ⁱ⁾
● Tiffany Brooks (D)
● Ashley Greer
● Shambley (D)

Vacancy of Robert Balanoff

● Natalie Howse (D)
● Radiance Ward (D)

Subcircuit 3

Vacancy of Patrick Sherlock

● Rachel Marrello (D)
● Martin Reggi (D)

Vacancy of Thomas Murphy

● John Carrol (D) ⁽ⁱ⁾

Subcircuit 5

Vacancy of Dominique Ross

● Stephanie Kelly (D)

Subcircuit 8

Vacancy of Celia Gamrath

● Kathleen Cunniff Ori (D)
● Elizabeth Dibler (D)
● Garson Fischer (D)

Vacancy of Mary Mikva

● Lester Finkle (D) ⁽ⁱ⁾
● Dan Balanoff (D)
● Katherine Morrison (D)

Subcircuit 11

Vacancy of Mary Roberts

● Kim Przekota (D) ⁽ⁱ⁾

Vacancy of Pamela McLean Meyerson

● John Carrozza (D)
● Jarrett Knox (D)

Subcircuit 13

Vacancy of John Curry Jr.

● Robert Groaner (D)

Vacancy of Martin Kelley

● Brittany Pedersen (D)

**Subcircuit 13 (cont.)
Vacancy of Shannon
O'Malley**

● Dan Naranjo (D) ⓘ

**Vacancy of Thomas
Kelley**

● William Kelley (D)

**Subcircuit 16
Vacancy of Callie
Baird**

● Julian Sanchez Crozier
(D)

**Vacancy of Patricia
Mendoza**

● Jessica Velez (D)

**Subcircuit 17
Vacancy of James
Carroll**

● Bianca Brown (D)
● Amari Dawson (D)
● Andre Thapedi (D)

**Vacancy of Lloyd
Brooks**

● Natalia Moore (D)
● Meridith Vanae
● Hammer (D)

**Subcircuit 18
Vacancy of Frank
Andreou**

● Samuel Bae (D)

**Vacancy of Jeffrey
Chrones**

● Juan Ponce de Leon
(D)

**Subcircuit 19
Vacancy of John
Fairman**

● Sara McGann (D) ⓘ

**Vacancy of Michael
Kane**

● Dave Condron (D)
● John Harkins (D)
● Monica Somerville
(D)

**Subcircuit 20
Vacancy of David
Haracz**

● Michael Zink (D) ⓘ

**Vacancy of
Stephanie Miller**

● Belle Katubig (D)
● Jon Stromsta (D)

ELECTION DAY IS TUESDAY, MARCH 17TH

Make a plan to vote!

I _____

plan to vote

in the 2026 Primary Election by

_____.

I plan to vote

on Election Day

early

by mail

my nearest polling place is



scan to find your
nearest polling place!

IMPORTANT DATES

2026

PRIMARY ELECTION

FEBRUARY 12 AT 9:00AM

Early voting at Downtown supersite (2 locations)

137 SOUTH STATE STREET

69 W WASHINGTON ST
(6TH FLOOR)



FEBRUARY 17

Last day to submit paper
voter registration forms



MARCH 1

Last day for online
voter registration



MARCH 2

Early voting begins in all 50 wards



MARCH 12 BY 5:00PM

Last day to apply to vote by mail

MARCH 17

ELECTION DAY!



GET INVOLVED!



DONATE TO CHICAGO VOTES



SIGN UP FOR OUR NEWSLETTER



REGISTER VOTERS IN COOK COUNTY JAIL

VISIT OUR WEBSITE



This illustration conveys the complex relationship between voters and politics today and the power of community. After the turmoil of recent elections and the volatility of the current political climate, many voters are fatigued and stressed.

Acknowledging everyone's inner child and deep-seated fears, voters are depicted in the illustration as young people in pajamas and costumes.

This illustration encourages voters to come as they are to the polls, even if it means coming tired and in our pajamas, it's important to exercise our right and come together with our community to make our voices heard.

~ Bianca Pastel

